



B2D

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 4 : A61K 39/395, C12N 15/00 C12P 21/00	A2	(11) International Publication Number: WO 89/01783 (43) International Publication Date: 9 March 1989 (09.03.89)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/GB88/00731		(74) Agent: MERCER, Christopher, Paul; Carpmaels & Ransford, 43 Bloomsbury Square, London WC1A 2RA (GB).
(22) International Filing Date: 5 September 1988 (05.09.88)		
(31) Priority Application Number: 8720833		(81) Designated States: AT (European patent), AU, BE (European patent), CH (European patent), DE (European patent), DK, FI, FR (European patent), GB (European patent), HU, IT (European patent), JP, KR, LU (European patent), NL (European patent), NO, RO, SE (European patent), SU, US.
(32) Priority Date: 4 September 1987 (04.09.87)		
(33) Priority Country: GB		
(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): CELL-TECH LIMITED [GB/GB]; 216 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire SL1 4EN (GB).		
(72) Inventors; and		
(73) Inventors/Applicants (for US only) : BODMER, Mark, William [GB/GB]; 131 Reading Road, Henley-on-Thames, Oxfordshire RG19 1DJ (GB). ADAIR, John, Robert [GB/GB]; 23 George Road, Stokenchurch, High Wycombe HP14 3RN (GB). WHITTLE, Nigel, Richard [GB/GB]; 5 Leigh Road, Cobham, Surrey KT11 2LF (GB).		
(54) Title: RECOMBINANT ANTIBODY AND METHOD		
(57) Abstract		
The present invention provides a humanised antibody molecule (HAM) having specificity for the TAG-72 antigen and having an antigen binding site wherein at least the complementarity determining regions (CDRs) of the variable domain are derived from the mouse monoclonal antibody B72.3 (B72.3 MAb) and the remaining immunoglobulin-derived parts of the HAM are derived from a human immunoglobulin and a process for its production.		
		<p style="text-align: center;">A</p> <pre> 10          30          50 GAATCCCACTGACTTAACCATGGAAAGGAGCTGGGTCTTCTCTCTCTGTAGTA           MetGlutrpSerTrpValPheLeuPheLeuSerVal  70          90          110 ACTACAGGTGTCACCTCCACGGTTGACAGCTGACGCTGAGCTGGTGAAACCT ThrThrGlyValHisSerGlnValGlnLeuGlnGlnSerAspAlaGluLeuValLysPro           ▽ 130         150         170 GGGCCCTCAGTGAAGATATCCTGCAAGGCTTCTGGCTACACCTCACGACCATGCT GlyAlaSerValLysTyrCysLysAlaSerGlyTyrThrPheThrAspHisAlaIle  190         210         230 CACTGGCGAAAGCAGAACCTGAAAGCTTGAAATGGATTCGGATAATAATTCTCCCGA HistProlAlaSerProGluGlnGlyLeuGluTrpIleGlyTyrPheProGly  250         270         290 AATGATGATATTAAAGTACAATGAGAATGCTCAAGGGCAAGGCCACACTGACTGCAGACAAA AsnAspAspIleLysTyrAsnGlnLysPheLysGlyLysAlaIleThrLeuThrAlaAspLys  310         330         350 TCCCTCCAGCACTGGCTACATGAGCTCACAGCCTGACATCTGAGGATTCCTGAGTAT SerSerSerThrAlaTyrMetGlnLeuAsnSerLeuThrSerGluAspSerAlaValTyr  370         390         410 TTCTGTAAAAAGATCGTACTACGGCCACCTGGGCCAAGGCACACTCTCACAGCTCC PheCysLysArgSerTyrGlyHisTrpGlyGlnGlyThrThrLeuThrValSerSer            ▽ </pre> <p style="text-align: center;">B</p> <pre> 10          30          50 ATCACACACACACACATGAGTGTGCCACCTCAGGTCTGGGGTTGCTGCTGCTGGCTT MetSerValProThrGlnValLeuLeuLeuLeuTrpLeu  70          90          110 ACAGATGCCAGATGTCGACATCCAGAGAACCTCAGTGTCCCAGCTTCTGCTGCTGCTG ThrAspAlaArgCysAspIleGlnMetThrGlnSerProAlaSerLeuSerValSerVal           ▽ 130         150         170 GGGAAACTGTCACCATCACATGTCGAGCAGTGGAGATAATTTCACATAATTGACATGG GlyGluThrValThrIleThrCysArgAlaSerGluAsnIleTyrSerAsnLeuAlaTrp  190         210         230 TATCAACAGAACAGGGAAAATCTCCCTACGCTCCCTGGCTATGCTGCAACAAACTTAGCA TyrGlnGlnLysGlnGlyLysSerProGlnLeuLeuValIleAlaAlaThrAspLeuAla  250         270         290 GATGGTGTGGCCATCAAGGTTCACTGGCAAGGAGTGGGATCGGGCACACAGTATTCCCTCAAGATC AspGlyValProSerArgPheSerGlySerGlySerGlyThrGlnTyrSerLeuLysIle  310         330         350 AACAGCCGCGAGCTGAAAGATTGGGAGTTACTGCTAACATTTGGGGTACTGC AsnSerLeuGlnSerGluAspPheGlySerTyrTyrCysGlnHisPheTrpGlyThrPro  370         390         410 TACACGTTCCGAGGGGGGACCAGGCTGAAAATAAAACGGGCATGATGCTGACCAACTGTC TyrThrPheGlyGlyGlyThrArgLeuGluIleLysArgAlaAspAlaAspProThrVal           ▽ </pre>

***FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY***

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AT Austria	FR France	ML Mali
AU Australia	GA Gabon	MR Mauritania
BB Barbados	GB United Kingdom	MW Malawi
BE Belgium	HU Hungary	NL Netherlands
BG Bulgaria	IT Italy	NO Norway
BJ Benin	JP Japan	RO Romania
BR Brazil	KP Democratic People's Republic of Korea	SD Sudan
CF Central African Republic	KR Republic of Korea	SE Sweden
CG Congo	LI Liechtenstein	SN Senegal
CH Switzerland	LK Sri Lanka	SU Soviet Union
CM Cameroon	LU Luxembourg	TD Chad
DE Germany, Federal Republic of	MC Monaco	TG Togo
DK Denmark	MG Madagascar	US United States of America
FI Finland		

## RECOMBINANT ANTIBODY AND METHOD'

The present invention relates to a humanised antibody molecule (HAM) having specificity for an antigen present on certain malignant cells and to a process for its production using recombinant DNA technology.

In the present application, the term "recombinant antibody molecule" (RAM) is used to describe an antibody produced by any process involving the use of recombinant DNA technology, including any analogues of natural immunoglobulins or their fragments. The term "humanised antibody molecule" (HAM) is used to describe a molecule having an antigen binding site derived from an immunoglobulin from a non-human species, the remaining immunoglobulin-derived parts of the molecule being derived from a human immunoglobulin. The antigen binding site may comprise either complete variable domains fused onto constant domains or only the complementarity determining regions grafted onto appropriate framework regions in the variable domains. The abbreviation "MAb" is used to indicate a monoclonal antibody.

In the description, reference is made to a number of publications by number. The publications are listed in numerical order at the end of the description.

Natural immunoglobulins have been known for many years, as have the various fragments thereof, such as the Fab, (Fab')<sub>2</sub> and Fc fragments, which can be derived by enzymatic cleavage. Natural immunoglobulins comprise a generally Y-shaped molecule having an antigen-binding site at the end of

- 2 -

each upper arm. The remainder of the structure, and particularly the stem of the Y, mediates the effector functions associated with immunoglobulins.

Natural immunoglobulins have been used in assay, diagnosis and, to a more limited extent, therapy. However, such uses, especially in therapy, have been hindered by the polyclonal nature of natural immunoglobulins. A significant step towards the realisation of the potential of immunoglobulins as therapeutic agents was the discovery of monoclonal antibodies of defined specificity (1). However, most MAbs are produced by fusions of rodent spleen cells with rodent myeloma cells. They are therefore essentially rodent proteins. There are very few reports of the production of human MAbs.

Since most available MAbs are of rodent origin, they are naturally antigenic in humans. Therefore, the use of rodent MAbs as therapeutic agents in humans is inherently limited by the fact that the human subject will mount an immunological response to the MAb and will either remove it entirely or at least reduce its effectiveness.

There have therefore been made proposals for making non-human MAbs less antigenic in humans. Such techniques can be generically termed "humanizing" MAbs. These techniques generally involve the use of recombinant DNA technology to manipulate DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide chains of the antibody molecule.

Some early methods for carrying out such a procedure are described in EP-A-0 171 496 (Res. Dev. Corp. Japan), EP-A-0 173 494 (Stanford University), EP-A-0 194 276 (Celltech Limited) and WO-A-8 702 671 (Int. Gen. Eng. Inc.). The Celltech application discloses a process for preparing an

- 3 -

antibody molecule having the variable domains from a mouse MAb and the constant domains from a human immunoglobulin. It also shows the production of an antibody molecule comprising the variable domains of a mouse MAb, the CH1 and CL domains of a human immunoglobulin, and a non-immunoglobulin-derived protein in place of the Fc portion of the human immunoglobulin.

In an alternative approach, described in EP-A-87302620.7 (Winter), the complementarity determining regions (CDRs) of a mouse MAb have been grafted onto the framework regions of the variable domains of a human immunoglobulin using site directed mutagenesis using long oligonucleotides .

The earliest work on humanizing MAbs has been carried out based on MAbs recognising synthetic antigens, such as the NP or NIP antigens. However, examples in which a mouse MAb recognising lysozyme and a rat MAb recognising an antigen on human T cells respectively were humanized are shown by Verhoeven et al. (2) and Reichmann et al. (3) .

It has been widely suggested that immunoglobulins, and in particular MAbs, could potentially be very useful in the diagnosis and treatment of cancer (4,5). There has therefore been much activity in trying to produce immunoglobulins or MAbs directed against tumour-specific antigens. So far, over one hundred MAbs directed against a variety of human carcinomas have been used in various aspects of tumour diagnosis or treatment (6).

There have been a number of papers published concerning the production of chimeric monoclonal antibodies recognising cell surface antigens. For instance, Sahagan et al. (7) disclose a genetically engineered murine/human chimeric antibody which

- 4 -

retains specificity for a human tumour-associated antigen. Also Nishimura et al. (8) disclose a recombinant murine/human chimeric monoclonal antibody specific for common acute lymphocytic leukemia antigen.

According to the present invention, there is provided a humanised antibody molecule (HAM) having specificity for the TAG-72 antigen and having an antigen binding site wherein at least the complementarity determining regions (CDRs) of the variable domain are derived from the mouse monoclonal antibody B72.3 (B72.3 MAb) and the remaining immunoglobulin-derived parts of the HAM are derived from a human immunoglobulin.

The variable domains of the HAM may comprise either the entire variable domains of the B72.3 MAb or may comprise the framework regions of a human variable domain having grafted thereon the CDRs of the B72.3 MAb.

The B72.3 MAb is a mouse MAb of the type IgG1-Kappa raised against a membrane-enriched extract of a human liver metastasis of a breast carcinoma (9). The B72.3 MAb has been extensively studied in a number of laboratories. It has been shown to recognise a tumour-associated glycoprotein TAG-72, a mucin-like molecule with a molecular weight of approximately  $10^6$  (10). Immunohistochemical studies have demonstrated that the B72.3 MAb recognises approximately 90% of colorectal carcinomas, 85% of breast carcinomas and 95% of ovarian carcinomas. However, it shows no significant cross-reactivity with a wide spectrum of normal human tissues (11 to 14).

It has surprisingly been found that humanizing the B72.3 MAb does not adversely affect its binding

activity, and this produces a HAM which is extremely useful in both therapy and diagnosis of certain carcinomas.

Preferably, the HAM of the present invention will be produced by recombinant DNA technology.

The HAM of the present invention may comprise: a complete antibody molecule, having full length heavy and light chains; a fragment thereof, such as the Fab or  $(Fab')_2$  fragment; a light chain or heavy chain dimer; or any other molecule with the same specificity as the B72.3 antibody.

Alternatively, the HAM of the present invention may have attached to it an effector or reporter molecule. For instance, the HAM may have a macrocycle, for chelating a heavy metal atom, or a toxin, such as ricin, attached to it by a covalent bridging structure. Alternatively, the procedures of recombinant DNA technology may be used to produce a HAM in which the Fc fragment or CH3 domain of a complete antibody molecule has been replaced by an enzyme or toxin molecule.

The remainder of the HAM may be derived from any suitable human immunoglobulin. However, it need not comprise only protein sequences from the human immunoglobulin. For instance, a gene may be constructed in which a DNA sequence encoding part of a human immunoglobulin chain is fused to a DNA sequence encoding the amino acid sequence of a polypeptide effector or reporter molecule.

According to a second aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for producing the HAM of the first aspect of the invention, which process comprises:

(a) producing in an expression vector an operon having a DNA sequence which encodes an antibody heavy

- 6 -

or light chain wherein at least the CDRs of the variable domain are derived from the B72.3 MAb and the remaining immunoglobulin-derived parts of the antibody chain are derived from a human immunoglobulin;

(b) producing in an expression vector an operon having a DNA sequence which encodes a complementary antibody light or heavy chain wherein at least the CDRs of the variable domain are derived from the B72.3 MAb and the remaining immunoglobulin-derived parts of the antibody chain are derived from a human immunoglobulin;

(c) transfecting a host cell with the or each vector; and

(d) culturing the transfected cell line to produce the HAM.

The cell line may be transfected with two vectors, the first vector containing an operon encoding a light chain-derived polypeptide and the second vector containing an operon encoding a heavy chain-derived polypeptide. Preferably, the vectors are identical except in so far as the coding sequences and selectable markers are concerned so as to ensure as far as possible that each polypeptide chain is equally expressed.

Alternatively, a single vector may be used, the vector including the sequences encoding both light chain- and heavy chain-derived polypeptides.

The DNA in the coding sequences for the light and heavy chains may comprise cDNA or genomic DNA or both. However, it is preferred that the DNA sequence encoding the heavy or light chain comprises at least partially genomic DNA. Most preferably, the heavy or light chain encoding sequence comprises a fusion of cDNA and genomic DNA.

The host cell used to express the HAM of the present invention is preferably a eukaryotic cell, most preferably a mammalian cell, such as a CHO cell or a myeloid cell. It has been found, surprisingly, that the use of cDNA/genomic DNA fusions for the heavy or light chain coding sequences leads to enhanced production of the HAM of the present invention in non-myeloid mammalian cells. Thus, an important aspect of the invention is the use of such fusions in non-myeloid mammalian cells in order to express the HAM.

The present invention also includes cloning and expression vectors and transfected cell lines used in the process of the invention, therapeutic and diagnostic compositions containing the HAM of the invention and uses of such compositions in therapy and diagnosis.

The general methods by which the vectors may be constructed, transfection methods and culture methods are well known per se and form no part of the invention. Such methods are shown, for instance, in references 15 and 16.

The present invention is now described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Figure 1 shows the DNA sequences encoding the unprocessed variable regions of the B72.3 MAb obtained by sequencing the cDNA clones pBH41 and pBL52. Panel A shows the sequence coding for the VH region and the predicted amino acid sequence. Panel B shows the sequence coding for the VL region and the first 21 residues of the CL region, together with the predicted amino acid sequence. The points of fusion with the human C regions are indicated with arrows.

- 8 -

The putative sites of cleavage of the signal peptide are indicated by open triangles. The numbers refer to the nucleotides in the original cDNA clones;

Figure 2 is a schematic diagram of the construction by site directed mutagenesis, restriction and ligation of the chimaeric heavy chain gene;

Figure 3 is a schematic diagram of the construction by partial restriction and ligation of the chimaeric light chain gene;

(In Figures 2 and 3, coding sequences are shown as boxes, dark for the variable regions and light for the constant regions. Restriction enzymes are abbreviated as follows: EcoRI=E; BglIII=B; HindIII=H; MboII=M; HpaI=Hp; and ScaI=Sc. Dotted lines indicate the continuation of the sequence into vector or constant region DNA.)

Figure 4 is a schematic diagram of the hCMV expression vector and the four alternative cDNA or gene constructs inserted into the EcoRI site. The chimaeric heavy chain gene was inserted using a BamHI-EcoRI oligonucleotide adapter. Coding sequences are represented by boxes, dark for the variable regions and light for the constant regions. The direction of transcription is indicated with an arrow;

Figure 5 shows an ELISA analysis of COS-cell transfectant supernatants. The level of antigen-binding capacity in the supernatant of COS-cell transfectants was analysed as described later. Dilution curves were plotted out against the optical density of the colour change. Different antibodies were used to recognise mouse or human epitopes, and consequently the antigen-binding levels for each curve are not strictly comparable. Each

- 9 -

curve represents a co-transfection, as follows:

△ mouse heavy chain, mouse light chain; ▲ mouse heavy chain, chimaeric light chain; □ chimaeric heavy chain, mouse light chain; ■ chimaeric heavy chain, chimaeric light chain;

Figure 6 shows SDS-PAGE analysis in a reducing gel of immunoprecipitations from the supernatants of transfected COS-cells. The DNA used for the transfection was as follows: Lane 1, mouse light chain alone; Lane 2, mouse light chain, mouse heavy chain; Lane 3, mouse light chain, chimaeric heavy chain; Lane 4, chimaeric light chain alone; Lane 5, chimaeric light chain, mouse heavy chain; and Lane 6, chimaeric light chain, chimaeric heavy chain. The antibodies used for the immunoprecipitations were: Lanes 1-3, rabbit anti-mouse F(ab')<sub>2</sub>; Lanes 4-6, rabbit anti-human F(ab')<sub>2</sub>;

Figure 7 shows SDS-PAGE analysis of immunoprecipitations from the supernatants of transfected COS-cells, under non-reducing (lanes 1-3), and reducing (lanes 4-6) conditions. The DNA used for transfection was as follows: lanes 1 and 4, chimaeric light chain clone; lanes 2 and 5, chimaeric light chain, mouse heavy chain; lanes 3 and 6, chimaeric light chain, chimaeric heavy chain. The antibody used for the immunoprecipitation in each case was rabbit anti-human F(ab')<sub>2</sub>;

Figure 8 shows SDS-PAGE analysis on a reducing gel of immunoprecipitations from the supernatants of transfected COS-cells, grown and labelled in the absence (lanes 1 and 3), and the presence (lanes 2 and 4) of tunicamycin. The DNA used for the transfections was as follows: lanes 1 and 2, chimaeric light chain clone; and lanes 3 and 4, chimaeric light chain and chimaeric heavy chain. The

- 10 -

antibody used for immunoprecipitation in each case was rabbit anti-human F(ab')<sub>2</sub> ;

Figure 9 shows reducing and non-reducing SDS-PAGE gels of chimeric B72.3 produced by CHO cells;

Figure 10 shows a two dimensional SDS-PAGE gel of chimaeric B72.3 produced by CHO cells;

Figure 11 shows a time course study of tumour labelling using B72.3 antibodies;

Figure 12 shows the tissue/tumour ratio of the B72.3 antibodies; and

Figure 13 shows the construction of plasmid TR002

#### EXAMPLE 1

##### Molecular cloning and sequencing of the B72.3 heavy and light chain cDNAs.

Polyadenylated RNA was isolated from the B72.3 hybridoma cell line using the guanidinium isothiocyanate/caesium chloride method (15). Double stranded cDNA was synthesised (17) and a cDNA library was constructed in bacteriophage  $\lambda$  gt 10 vector using EcoRI linkers (18). Two screening probes were synthesised, complementary to mouse immunoglobulin heavy and light chain constant regions. The heavy chain probe was a 19 mer complementary to residues 115-133 in the CH1 domain of the mouse  $\gamma_1$  sequence (19). The light chain probe was a 20 mer complementary to residues 4658-4677 of the genomic mouse CK sequence (20). The probes were radio-labelled at the 5' terminus with [ $\gamma$ <sup>32</sup>P] ATP using T4 polynucleotide kinase (Amersham International) and used to screen the cDNA library.

Clones which contained the complete leader, variable and constant regions of both the heavy and

- 11 -

light chains were isolated. The EcoRI cDNA inserts were subcloned into M13mp8 vectors for sequencing (21), generating a heavy chain clone, designated pBH41, and a light chain clone, designated pBL52. Nucleotide sequence analysis was carried out according to the chain termination procedure (22).

The 980 base pair EcoRI insert in pBL52 was fully sequenced (22). The EcoRI insert in pBH41 was shown to comprise approximately 1700 base pairs by agarose gel electrophoresis. The variable domain and the 5' region of the CH1 domain were sequenced, as was the 3' end of the clone to confirm the presence of the correct mouse  $\gamma$ 1 termination sequences. The DNA and predicted amino acid sequences for the unprocessed variable regions of pBH41 and pBL52 are shown in Figure 1. Examination of the derived amino acid sequence revealed considerable homology with other characterised immunoglobulin genes, and enabled the extent of the leader, variable and constant domains to be accurately determined. In addition, MAAb B72.3 was confirmed to be an IgG1 K antibody, as previously reported (9).

Construction of the Chimaeric Mouse-Human Heavy Chain Clone

A genomic clone containing sequences coding for the human C $\gamma$ 4 region was isolated as a HindIII fragment from the cosmid COS Ig8 (23) and then cloned via pAT153 into M13tg130 as an EcoRI-BamHI fragment to form pJA78. Following DNA sequence analysis, an 18 mer oligonucleotide was synthesised and site specific mutagenesis was performed to convert a C residue to an A residue, thereby generating a novel HindIII site at the start of the CH1 exon, to yield pJA91.

- 12 -

Site directed mutagenesis was performed (24) using EcoRI- and BgII-cut M13mp18 to generate a gapped duplex with the relevant phage template. DNA was transformed into E. coli HB2154 and resultant transformants were propagated on E. coli HB2151 (Anglian Biotechnology Ltd) as described in the protocols provided. All mutations were sequenced using the chain termination procedure (22). All sequenced fragments were subsequently recloned into other vectors in order to exclude the possibility of secondary mutations which may have occurred during the mutagenesis procedure.

The VH domain from the B72.3 heavy chain cDNA, cloned in M13mp9 as pBH41, was isolated as an EcoRI-BgII fragment and introduced into the EcoRI-HindIII sites of pJA91 in conjunction with a 32 base pair BgII-HindIII adaptor to yield pJA93. The product was therefore a chimaeric immunoglobulin heavy chain gene containing a variable region derived from a mouse cDNA clone fused to a sequence, comprising the CH1, H, CH2 and CH3 domains separated by introns, derived from a human genomic clone. The accuracy of the variable/constant region junction was confirmed by nucleotide sequence analysis. A schematic diagram of details of the construction is given in Figure 2. The  $\gamma$ 4 constant region was selected as it possesses a limited repertoire of effector functions, but does bind to staphylococcal protein A, a potentially useful reagent for purification.

Construction of the Chimaeric Mouse-Human Light Chain Gene

The mouse light chain cDNA clone, pBL52, contains a cutting site for MboII 18 base pairs

- 13 -

downstream from the junction of the variable and constant domains. Due to sequence homology between the mouse and human CK genes, an identical cutting site exists in the latter gene (25) and use of this site provides a method of fusing the mouse variable and human constant domains. Partial digestion of the EcoRI fragment containing the mouse cDNA clone with MboII generated a 416 base pair EcoRI-MboII fragment with a single residue overhang. A genomic clone, comprising an M13-derived vector containing the human C-kappa gene on a PstI-HindIII fragment was digested with FokI. A 395 base pair fragment containing the majority of C-kappa was cloned into pAT153 using EcoRI linkers to form pNW200. Digestion of a 945 base pair ScaI-HindIII fragment from pNW200 with MboII generated a 374 base pair MboII-HindIII fragment, which could anneal with and be ligated to the 416 base pair EcoRI-MboII fragment described above. The two fragments were ligated into a pSP64 vector linearised with EcoRI and HindIII, and used to transform competent *E. coli* HB101. The variable/constant region junction was sequenced in order to confirm the correct fusion. The construction is outlined schematically in Figure 3.

Construction of Expression Vectors for Transient Expression in COS Cells

The heavy and light chain chimaeric genes, as well as the mouse heavy and light chain cDNA clones, were inserted separately into the unique EcoRI site of plasmid pEE6 (27). The light chain encoding plasmid was designated EE6.cL.neo. For the chimaeric heavy chain, this was accomplished by using an oligonucleotide adapter to change the 3' BamHI site

- 14 -

to an EcoRI site to give an EcoRI fragment for cloning. The heavy chain encoding plasmid was designated EE6.ch.gpt. This plasmid contains the strong promoter/enhancer and transcriptional control element from the human cytomegalovirus (hCMV) inserted into a unique HindIII site upstream of the EcoRI site. In addition, an SV40 origin of replication site is provided by the SV40 early promoter which drives a selectable marker gene, either a neomycin-resistance gene (neo) for light chain genes or a guanine phosphoribosyl transferase gene (gpt) for heavy chain genes, inserted into a unique BamHI site. The plasmid also contains an ampicillin-resistance gene allowing selection and propagation in bacterial hosts. The structures of the expression vector and immunoglobulin gene inserts are shown schematically in Figure 4.

Transfections and ELISA Analysis of Antibody Production

The four expression constructs described above were used singly or in heavy/light chain gene pairs to transfect COS-1 cells (26). The cells were left to incubate in DNA-DEAE dextran solution for six hours, then shocked for two minutes with 10% DMSO in HEPES-buffered saline. The cells were washed and incubated in medium containing 10% foetal calf serum for 72 hours.

Following incubation at 37°C for 72 hours the cell supernatants and lysates were analysed by ELISA for heavy and light chain production and binding of antigen.

The medium (500 µl per 10<sup>5</sup> cells) was removed for ELISA analysis. Cell lysates were prepared by

lysis of  $10^5$  cells in 500  $\mu$ l 1% Triton X-100, 0.5% deoxycholate, 0.1% SDS, 0.01M sodium phosphate pH 7.5, 0.1M sodium chloride and 0.001M EDTA. Lysates and conditioned medium were centrifuged for 5 minutes in an Eppendorf centrifuge to remove nuclei and cell debris, and stored at 4°C before analysis.

Microtitre plates were coated with 0.25  $\mu$ g per well of sheep or goat antibody reactive against either human or mouse specific epitopes on the heavy or light chains. Supernatants or lysates from transfected COS cells were diluted 1:2 or 1:4 respectively in sample conjugate buffer containing 0.1M Tris-HCl pH 7.0, 0.1M sodium chloride, 0.02% Tween 20 and 0.2% casein. 100  $\mu$ l of each diluted sample were added to each well and incubated for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle agitation. Following washing six times with wash buffer (phosphate buffered saline containing 0.2% Tween 20, pH 7.2), 100  $\mu$ l of 1:5000 dilution of standard horseradish peroxidase - conjugated antibody reactive against either human or mouse specific epitopes were added per well. The plates were incubated for 1 hour at room temperature, and then washed six times with wash buffer. 100  $\mu$ l of substrate buffer containing 0.1 mg/ml tetramethylbenzidine (TMB), 0.1M sodium citrate, pH 6.0 and 0.005% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> were added to each well to generate a colour change. The reaction was terminated after 2-3 minutes by adjusting the solution to pH 1.0 with 1.5M sulphuric acid. The optical density was determined at 450nm for each well by measurement in a Dynatech laboratories MR600 microplate reader. Standard curves were generated using known concentrations of the appropriate human or mouse immunoglobulins.

- 16 -

Antigen binding assays were performed in an analogous manner. Microtitre plates were coated with 0.25 µg per well of purified TAG-72 antigen (6) obtained from human patients or from tumour xenografts implanted in nude mice (both gifts of J. Schlom, NCI). Following washing six times in wash buffer, samples from COS-cell transfections were added as previously, and the same subsequent procedures carried out, using goat anti-mouse or human F(ab')<sub>2</sub> linked to HRP as the second antibody.

A number of assay systems using different capture antibodies were developed and cross-correlated to investigate the potential products of each transfection. In all cases, mouse light chain and chimaeric light chain were detected in the supernatants and lysates of appropriately transfected cells. However heavy chains were only detected in the supernatants when co-transfected with light chain. A low level of heavy chain was detected in the cell lysate in each case, supporting a suggestion of inhibition of heavy chain secretion in the absence of light chain.

Assembly assays, which detect the presence of associated polypeptide chains, demonstrated the formation of multimers containing at least one heavy and one light chain when both genes were co-transfected. Mouse genes and chimaeric genes appeared equally capable of assembly and formation of hybrid molecules.

Antigen binding analysis (see above) demonstrated that the mouse heavy and light chain co-transfections generated an antibody molecule capable of recognising antigen. Replacement of the mouse gene for either chain with the appropriate chimaeric gene led to the production of a hybrid

- 17 -

molecule with antigen binding specificity in the ELISA assays. Finally, transfection of the COS cells with both the chimaeric heavy and light chain genes generated a complete chimaeric antibody molecule with antigen binding specificity. The ELISA data from one experiment are presented in Figure 5. These experiments demonstrate that "humanisation" of the antibody molecule does not have a significant effect on its antigen recognition capability.

Immunoprecipitation of Antibody Molecules from Biosynthetically Labelled COS-Cell Transfectants

Preliminary experiments suggested that there was little expression from the transfected DNA in the initial 24 hours. Accordingly following transfection, COS cells were allowed to recover for 24 hours in DMEM containing 10% foetal calf serum. The medium was then replaced with methionine-free DMEM, to which [<sup>35</sup>S] methionine (NEN) had been added at 200 µCi/ml. The cells were metabolically labelled for 48 hours, and conditioned media and cell lysates prepared as previously.

Analysis by reducing SDS-PAGE of aliquots of COS cell supernatant demonstrated the appearance of labelled immunoglobulin protein without further purification, while use of Protein A-Sepharose was shown to selectively precipitate whole antibody, but not light chain alone, from the COS-cell supernatant.

Further analysis of the assembly and secretion of antibody molecules was performed by immunoprecipitation using anti-human F(ab')<sub>2</sub> and anti-human C-kappa anti-sera bound to Protein A-Sepharose. Affinity-purified rabbit antibodies against human IgG F(ab')<sub>2</sub> and human K chain were

- 18 -

used for immunoprecipitations, following coupling to Protein A - Sepharose. Both cytoplasmic and secreted antibodies were analysed on an SDS-10% PAGE system under reducing and non-reducing conditions. The gel was treated with an autoradiography enhancer, dried and exposed to Fuji RX film. The results are shown in Figure 6.

Both antisera immunoprecipitated proteins with an apparent molecular weight of 55K and 28K, which coincided with the positions of the Coomassie-stained immunoprecipitating heavy and light immunoglobulin chains respectively. The use of the latter antisera demonstrated that light chain is found associated with heavy chain in the COS-cell supernatants. A comparison of immunoprecipitations analysed by reducing and non-reducing SDS-PAGE (See Figure 7) suggests that the heavy and light chains are assembled as the correct tetrameric molecule. In addition there is evidence for the secretion of free light chain dimers and partially assembled heavy and light chain multimers.

Due to the presence of secondary structure caused by disulphide bonds, the mobility of the immunoglobulin chains is different in the two systems. In order to analyse the presence and potential role of glycosylation, COS cells were treated with tunicamycin, at the same time as the radioactive label was added. To inhibit N-linked glycosylation, COS cells were grown in medium containing 10 µg/ml tunicamycin diluted from a stock solution. To ensure that the pool of lipid-linked oligosaccharide was depleted, the cells were maintained in the tunicamycin-containing medium for 2 hours prior to addition of radioactive label.

- 19 -

Following immunoprecipitation the protein products were analysed by SDS-PAGE, as shown in Figure 8. It is clear from the decrease in apparent molecular weight, from 55K to 52K, that the chimaeric heavy chain, but not the light chain, undergoes N-linked glycosylation. When the glycosylation is inhibited, the protein is still secreted, although the level of expression appears to be decreased.

These results demonstrate that each of the immunoglobulin genes is correctly transcribed and translated. The two mouse genes and the chimaeric light chain are cDNA-like, while the chimaeric heavy chain gene possesses characteristics of both cDNA and genomic DNA. Both types of construct appear to be expressed at a similar level and with similar fidelity. It is clear therefore that transcript splicing occurs where necessary, but it is not an obligatory requirement for correct expression of immunoglobulin genes in COS-cells.

The expressed heavy and light chains associate in the correct manner, presumably limited by the availability of free polypeptide chain. Mouse and human polypeptide sequences appear interchangeable in the association of heavy and light chains. The product is an assembled tetrameric antibody molecule, which is expressed at a high level, glycosylated and secreted into the culture medium.

#### Development of Stable Cell Lines in CHO Cells

##### Stable Light Chain Producing Cell Line

Chinese hamster ovary (CHO-K1) cells were grown in attached culture in Dulbecco's Modified Eagles Medium (DMEM) containing 10% foetal calf serum (FCS),

- 20 -

non-essential amino acids (NEAA) and glutamine (2mM). A confluent culture was trypsinised, the cells washed once in phosphate buffered saline (PBS) and resuspended at  $10^7$  cells/ml.

DNA from plasmid EE6.cL.neo, comprising the chimaeric light chain gene expressed from the HCMV promoter, was digested with SalI to generate linear molecules and then ethanol precipitated. The precipitate was resuspended in PBS and 40 µg of DNA was added to  $10^7$  CHO-K1 cells in buffer at 4°C. The DNA was introduced into the cells by electroporation, in which the cell suspension and DNA were treated with two pulses of 2000 volts. After electroporation the cells were returned to 4°C for 10 min prior to plating out at a density of  $5 \times 10^5$  cells per 90mm Petri dish in DMEM growth medium containing supplements.

Following incubation at 37°C overnight, selection for introduced DNA was applied by adding G418 to a final concentration of 1mg/ml. Resistant colonies were observed after 10-14 days incubation in selective medium.

Resistant colonies were picked from the transformation plates using filter paper squares soaked in trypsin solution and transferred into individual wells of 24 well tissue culture plates. The culture medium from the wells was assayed for the presence of chimaeric light chain using an ELISA assay and cell lines secreting light chain were identified. Lines producing light chain at levels between 100ng/ml and 16 µg/ml were identified. Those producing the highest amounts were cloned out by the limiting dilution method. One such clone, cL18, was used for subsequent studies.

- 21 -

Stable Chimaeric Antibody Producing Cell Line

DNA from plasmid EE6.cH.gpt (also designated as JA96), comprising the chimaeric heavy chain gene expressed from the HCMV promoter, was digested with SalI to generate linear molecules and then ethanol precipitated. CHO-cL18 cells producing chimaeric light chain were prepared for electroporation as described above, and the JA96 DNA (40 µg per 10<sup>7</sup> cells) was introduced by electroporation. Following overnight incubation in non-selective medium, selection for resistance to mycophenolic acid was applied. Selective medium comprised DMEM, 10% FCS, NEAA, glutamine, xanthine, hypoxanthine, thymine and mycophenolic acid (10 µg/ml). Resistant colonies were detected after 10-14 days and these were picked into 24 well plates as described above. Antibody producing cell lines were identified using an antigen binding assay based on the antigen TAG-72 recognised by the antibody B72.3. Cell lines producing antibody at levels ranging from 0.1-40 µg/ml were isolated. Two of these cell lines, F6 and F11, were used in further studies.

Purification of Chimaeric Antibody

Chimaeric B72.3 was purified from CHO cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography using Protein-A Sepharose and ion-exchange chromatography. Cell culture supernatant was adjusted to pH 8.8 with sodium glycinate (0.2M) and applied to a column of Protein-A Sepharose pre-equilibrated with glycine/glycinate buffer at pH 8.8 (50mM). After sample loading, the column was washed with equilibration buffer and the antibody eluted with a

- 22 -

gradient of decreasing pH made up of disodium hydrogen phosphate (0.2M) and citric acid (0.1M). Fractions containing chimaeric antibody were pooled, dialyzed into 50 mM phosphate buffer pH 8.0 and then applied to a column of DEAE-Sepharose pre-equilibrated with 50mM phosphate buffer pH 8.0. The column was washed with equilibration buffer and elution of antibody achieved with a linear gradient of sodium chloride from 0.0 to 0.2M. Purified antibody was then dialyzed into an appropriate buffer for the intended use, e.g. PBS for animal studies, and concentrated by ultrafiltration. Typical yields of chimaeric antibody were 20 mg per litre of starting supernatant.

Purity and assembly of the chimaeric antibody was tested by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE), both reducing and non-reducing (Fig 9), and by HPLC gel filtration.

N-terminal amino acid sequencing of the antibody revealed a single sequence encoding light chain, which corresponded exactly to the expected amino acid sequence deduced from the DNA sequence. The heavy chain was N-terminally blocked and not amenable to amino acid sequencing. Antigen binding activity was demonstrated in an ELISA format assay.

Chimaeric B72.3 made in COS or CHO cells contains a proportion of material (10-20%) which fails to form an inter-heavy chain disulphide bridge but otherwise assembles correctly into 150kD molecules containing two heavy and two light chains. This material is present in antibody when secreted from the cell and co-purifies with antibody in which the inter-heavy chain disulphide bridges have formed. This appears to be a common property of human IgG4 molecules and occurs with all molecules of

- 23 -

this type analysed to date, including a mouse-human IgG4 chimaeric anti-NP antibody and two different IgG4 myeloma proteins.

On non-reducing SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis of chimaeric B72.3, two bands are seen, one at the expected size of 150 kD and one of about 80 kD (Fig. 9) Both of these bands contain intact heavy and light chains as shown by non-reducing/reducing two dimensional SDS-PAGE (Fig. 10). Reducing SDS-PAGE shows only intact heavy and light chain (Fig. 9). Native (non SDS) electrophoresis and HPLC gel filtration show only one species corresponding to 150 kD material. Thus the about 80 kD band seen on non-reducing SDS-PAGE represents materials with a molecular weight of 150 kD in solution. The two halves of the molecule are only separated when other inter-heavy chain interactions are disrupted, e.g. when run on non-reducing SDS-PAGE

#### Efficacy Studies

The chimaeric B72.3 antibody is capable of being used to advantage in a number of circumstances. For example, after suitable labelling by radioisotopes or other detection procedure, the antibody can be demonstrated to locate and bind in vivo to solid tumours where some or all of the tumour cells express the specific antigen TAG-72. The experiment described below is one example of the ability of the chimaeric antibody to locate human tumour cells bearing the specific antigen, in this case in a nude mouse model system.

Chimaeric B72.3 and mouse B72.3 antibodies were radioactively labelled with  $^{125}\text{I}$  by the Chloramine

- 24 -

T method to an approximate specific activity of 5  $\mu$ Ci/ $\mu$ g. Groups of 4 female nude mice bearing subcutaneous LS174T xenografts on the flank were injected intravenously with 100  $\mu$ Ci of either Chimaeric B72.3 or mouse B72.3 in 0.1ml PBS. Groups of animals were sacrificed at intervals for the collection of tissue samples, which were weighed, dissolved in 7M potassium hydroxide and counted in an LKB model 1270 "Rackbeta" counter. Tissue uptake was calculated as the mean percentage of injected dose per gram of tissue from a group of four animals.

Fig. 11 shows a time course study of the mouse and chimaeric antibodies and demonstrates clearance of the antibodies from the blood pool and uptake at the tumour site. The chimaeric antibody appears to clear somewhat faster from the blood pool but locates to the tumour adequately with approximately the same profile as the mouse antibody. This sample data suggests that the novel engineered antibody is functional in vivo.

Fig. 12 shows the tumour to tissue ratio at 24, 48 and 168 h. It can be seen that tumour/tissue ratios increase with time and that in this model system the chimaeric antibody has a superior tumour/tissue ratio compared to the mouse antibody.

#### EXAMPLE 2

##### Chimaeric B72.3 - Other IgG Isotypes

##### Construction of Chimaeric Antibody Genes

##### Assembly of Chimaeric Antibody Genes

Genomic DNA sequences containing the human IgG1, 2 and 3 genes were isolated from larger DNA

- 25 -

inserts in phage  $\lambda$  and were introduced into phage M13 via pJA103 which contains the human IgG4 gene with a HindIII site at the 5' end of the CH1 exon and a BamHI 3' to the CH3 exon. The M13 vector is M13tg130 which has two amber mutations in essential genes and is therefore suitable for high efficiency site-directed mutagenesis experiments using the procedures described earlier. A HindIII site was introduced at the 5' end of the CH1 exon in each isotype gene to give pRB11 (IgG1), pRB14 (IgG2) and pRB16 (IgG3). SalI and BglII sites were also introduced into pRB11 towards the 3' end of the CH1 exon and towards the 3' end of the intron following the CH1 exon respectively. The isotypes were then reisolated as HindIII-BamHI fragments and sub-cloned into pAT153 to give RB18 (IgG1), RB26 (IgG2), and RB20 (IgG3). The B72.3 VH DNA sequence was isolated and was ligated to the linking oligonucleotide which was used earlier to make the IgG4 chimaeric heavy chain gene so as to give an EcoRI-HindIII VH fragment. This fragment was ligated to the human IgG1 HindIII-BamHI containing fragment of RB18 and cloned in pAT153 to give pRB22. To construct the chimaeric B72.3 VH, the VH fragment described above was ligated to the HindIII-BamHI fragment of pRB26 and recloned in pAT153 to give pRB27.

To construct the chimaeric B72.3 VH/IgG3 gene, the VH fragment described above was ligated to the HindIII-BamHI fragment of pRB20 and recloned in pAT153 to give pRB23.

#### Assembly of Genes in Expression Vectors

The chimaeric genes were isolated as EcoRI-BamHI fragments from pRB22, 27 and 23 described

- 26 -

above and cloned between the EcoRI and BclI sites of JA96, the B72.3 IgG4 chimaeric heavy chain expression vector, thus replacing the IgG4 chimaeric gene. The resultant chimaeric expression plasmids were named RB24 (IgG1 chimaera), RB28 (IgG2 chimaera) and RB25 (IgG3 chimaera)

Demonstration of production, assembly and activity were performed as in Example 1.

### EXAMPLE 3

#### Chimaeric B72.3 IgG4 F(ab')<sub>2</sub>

##### Construction of F(ab') Heavy Chain Gene

##### Assembly of F(ab') Gene

pJA79 is an M12tg130 vector which contains the human IgG4 heavy chain gene modified so that the sequence from the first nucleotide after the last codon of the hinge exon to the last nucleotide of the CH3 domain inclusive has been removed by oligonucleotide directed site specific deletion. The hinge and 3' untranslated region and part of the M13 sequence can be isolated as a 1.1 kbp BglII fragment. This fragment can be used to replace the analogous fragment in the full length B72.3/IgG4 chimaeric heavy chain gene clone pJA93 to give plasmid JA94 which therefore contains a chimaeric gene potentially capable of being expressed to produce a B72.3 IgG4 chimaeric F(ab') heavy chain protein.

- 27 -

#### Assembly of Gene in Expression Vector

Plasmid pJA94 described above was used to recover the F(ab') gene as an EcoRI-BamHI 1475 bp fragment. This fragment was cloned into the unique EcoRI site of the pEE6 expression vector using a BamHI to EcoRI oligonucleotide adapter to give pJA97.

#### Test of Genes in Cos Cells

The chimaeric F(ab') gene in pJA97 was expressed in COS cells in conjunction with a suitable construct capable of expressing of chimaeric light chain polypeptide as described above. PAGE analysis of the expression products and subsequent inspection of the DNA sequence of the CH1-hinge intron suggested that splicing out of the intron was not occurring correctly leading to the production of an aberrant heavy chain polypeptide.

#### Reconstruction of IgG4 F(ab') Heavy Chain Gene

#### Assembly of F(ab') Gene

pJA94 described above was derived from pJA93 which in turn was derived from pJA91. This clone was initially an M13tg130 based vector, i.e. an amber phage capable of being used in the efficient gap-heteroduplex mutagenesis procedure described earlier. In order to repeat the mutagenesis procedure at high yield, the chimaeric F(ab') heavy chain gene was isolated as an EcoRI fragment and recloned into M13tg130 to give pJA100. By oligonucleotide directed site specific mutagenesis, a SalI site was introduced towards the 3' end of the

- 28 -

CH1 exon to give pJA108. The introduced SalI site in the CH1 domain codes for the fifth and fourth from last amino acids of the CH1 domain. To reconstruct the hinge into the end of the CH1 domain, four oligonucleotides were made which together are able to code for the last five amino acids of the CH1 domain, the hinge sequence, two in-frame stop codons and an EcoRI site.

The oligonucleotides were assembled and cloned into M13 and mp11 between the SalI and EcoRI sites in the polylinker, sequenced, reisolated and ligated to the gene containing the EcoRI-SalI 700bp fragment from pJA108 to reconstruct the chimaeric B72.3 F(ab') heavy chain gene.

The reconstructed CH1/hinge sequence should be:

CH1                    hinge

Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Ser Lys Tyr Gly Pro Pro Cys Pro  
Ser Cys Pro Stop

The oligonucleotide used to form this CH1/hinge were

1. 5' TCGACAAGAGAGTTGAGTCCAAATATGGG
2. 3' GTTCTCTCAAATCAGGTTATACCCGGGGG
3. 5' CCCCCGTGCCCATCATGCCATGATG
4. 3' CACGGGTAGTACGGGTACTACTTAA

In the vector, oligonucleotides 1 and 3 produced the sense strand and oligonucleotides 2 and 4 produced the anti-sense strand.

Assembly of Gene in Expression Vector

The chimaeric B72.3 F(ab') heavy chain gene fragment, assembled as described above, was subsequently cloned into the EcoRI vector fragment of pJA96 to give pJA114.

Test of Genes in COS Cells

The genes were tested in COS cells as described above. On non-reducing SDS-PAGE the material appeared to be produced as F(ab') material only. Reducing SDS-PAGE showed the presence of light chain and truncated heavy chain equivalent to that expected from the F(ab') gene.

Development of Stable Cell Lines in CHO Cells

The expression plasmid pJA114, comprising the B72.3 chimaeric F(ab') heavy chain gene fragment expressed from the HCMV promoter, was introduced by electroporation into the CHO cell line CL18 described above. The procedure was similar to that described for introduction of the full length chimaeric heavy chain except that the SalI digestion was omitted and the DNA was introduced as closed circular DNA. Cell lines resistant to mycophenolic acid and expressing function F(ab') antibody were identified by screening culture supernatants in an antigen binding ELISA format assay as described earlier. Cell lines expressing between 0.1-6 µg/ml F(ab') were isolated. One cell line, FB9 was used for further studies.

- 30 -

Purification of Chimaeric F(ab')<sub>2</sub> Antibody

Chimaeric F(ab') was purified from CHO cell supernatant using immunopurification. An immunopurification reagent was prepared by linking NH3/41, an antibody with specificity for human Kappa chain sequence, to cyanogen bromide activated Sepharose by standard methodology. This material was packed into a column and equilibrated with PBS. CHO cell culture supernatant containing chimaeric F(ab') was applied to the column and the column was washed with PBS. Elution of chimaeric F(ab') was then achieved using 4.5M guanidine hydrochloride. Fractions containing chimaeric F(ab') were then dialyzed extensively into PBS and concentrated by ultrafiltration.

Purity and assembly of F(ab') was tested by SDS-PAGE (both reducing and nonreducing) and by HPLC gel filtration. Antigen binding activity was demonstrated using an ELISA format assay. Approximately 10% of the material can be found as F(ab')<sub>2</sub> which forms without further treatment.

EXAMPLE 4

Chimaeric B72.3 IgG1 F(ab')<sub>2</sub>

Construction of F(ab') Heavy Chain Gene

Example 2 discloses the vector RB22 which contains the B72.3/human IgG1 chimaeric cloned gene in pAT153. Vectors JA96 and JA108 are mentioned above. The plasmid TR002 containing hinge modified gene was constructed as shown in Figure 13. The

- 31 -

chimaeric F(ab') region containing the B72.3 VH/IgG1 was isolated as a 0.7 kbp fragment from RB22 by treating the DNA with SalI, removing the 5' phosphate from the SalI site with calf intestinal phosphatase (CIP) and recutting the DNA with EcoRI.

The IgG1 hinge was assembled by kinase labelling 500pm of top and bottom strand oligonucleotide and annealing the oligonucleotides by heating to 70°C and cooling to room temperature in the kinase buffer. The hinge fragments were ligated to the 0.7 kbp fragment from JA108 prepared as above, and the CIP'ed 5' ends were kinased.

#### Assembly of Gene in Expression Vector

The chimaeric B72.3 IgG1 F(ab') heavy chain gene fragment, assembled as described above, was subsequently cloned into the EcorI/CIP treated vector fragment of JA96 to give TR002. Expression of TR002 in suitable cells with an expression vector capable of producing a useful light chain, for example chimaeric or humanised B72.3 will produce material which should assemble to give F(ab') and which will on suitable post translational modification in vivo or in vitro give F(ab')<sub>2</sub>.

Thus, it has been demonstrated that it is possible to produce a HAM having specificity derived from a mouse MAb but having human constant regions, and which may have an important note to play in cancer diagnosis and therapy.

It will be appreciated that the present invention has been described above by way of illustration only, and that variations or modifications of detail can be made without departing from the scope of the invention.

- 32 -

References

1. Kohler & Milstein, Nature, 265, 495-497, 1975.
2. Verhoeyen et al., Science, 239, 1534-1536, 1988.
3. Reichmann et al., Nature, 332, 323-324, 1988.
4. Ehrlich, P., Collected Studies on Immunity, 2,  
John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1906.
5. Levy & Miller, Ann.Rev.Med., 34, 107-116, 1983.
6. Schlam & Weeks, Important Advances in Oncology,  
170-192, Wippincott, Philadelphia, 1985.
7. Sahagan et al., J. Immunol., 137, 3 1066-1074,
8. Nishimura et al., Cancer Res., 47 999-1005,  
1987.
9. Colcher et al., PNAS, 78, 3199-3203, 1981.
10. Johnson et al., Cancer Res., 46, 850-897, 1986.
11. Stramignoni et al., Int.J.Cancer, 31, 543,552,  
1983.
12. Nuti et al., Int.J.Cancer, 29, 539-545, 1982.
13. Thor et al., J.Nat.Cancer Inst., 76, 995-1006,  
1986.
14. Thor et al., Cancer Res., 46, 3118-3124, 1986.
15. Maniatis et al., Molecular Cloning, Cold Spring  
Harbor, New York, 1982.

- 33 -

16. Primrose and Old, *Principles of Gene Manipulation*, Blackwell, Oxford, 1980.
17. Gubler and Hoffman, *Gene*, 25, 263-269, 1983.
18. Huynh et al. *Practical Approaches in Biochemistry* IRL, Oxford (Ed. Glover, M.M.), 1984.
19. Honjo et al., *Cell*, 18, 559-568, 1979.
20. Max et al., *J. Biol. Chem.*, 256, 5116-5120, 1981.
21. Messing & Vieira, *Gene*, 19, 269-276, 1982.
22. Sanger et al., *PNAS*, 74, 5463-5467, 1977.
23. Krawinkel and Rabbits, *EMBO J.*, 1, 403-407, 1982.
24. Kramer et al. *Nuc.Acids Res.*, 12, 9441-9446, 1984.
25. Hietter et al., *Cell*, 22, 197-207, 1980.
26. Lopata et al., *Nuc.Acids Res.*, 12, 5707-5717, 1984.
27. Whittle et al., *Prot. Eng.*, 1, 6, 499-505, 1987.

CLAIMS

1. A humanised antibody molecule (HAM) having specificity for the TAG-72 antigen and having an antigen binding site wherein at least the complementarity determining regions (CDRs) of the variable domains are derived from the mouse monoclonal antibody B72.3 (B72.3 MAb) and the remaining immunoglobulin-derived parts of the HAM are derived from a human immunoglobulin.
2. The HAM of claim 1, wherein the entire variable domains are derived from the B72.3 MAb.
3. The HAM of claim 1 or claim 2, when produced by recombinant DNA technology.
4. The HAM of any one claims 1 to 3, which comprises a complete antibody molecule, an Fab fragment or an (Fab')<sub>2</sub> fragment.
5. The HAM of any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein an effector or reporter molecule is attached thereto.
6. The HAM of claim 5, wherein the effector or reporter molecule is a protein molecule which is coexpressed as a fusion protein with one of the chains of the HAM.
7. A process for producing the HAM of any one of claims 1 to 6, which process comprises
  - (a) producing in an expression vector an operon having a DNA sequence which encodes an antibody heavy or light chain wherein at least the

- 35 -

CDRs of the variable domain are derived from the B72.3 MAb and the remaining immunoglobulin-derived parts of the antibody chain are derived from a human immunoglobulin;

(b) producing in an expression vector an operon having a DNA sequence which encodes a complementary antibody light or heavy chain wherein at least the CDRs of the variable domain are derived from the B72.3 MAb and the remaining immunoglobulin-derived parts of the antibody chain are derived from a human immunoglobulin;

(c) transfecting a host cell with the or each vector; and

(d) culturing the transfected cell line to produce the HAM.

8. The process of claim 7, wherein the heavy and light chain encoding sequences are present on the same vector.

9. The process of claim 7, wherein the heavy and light chain encoding sequences are present on separate vectors.

10. The process of any one of claims 7 to 9, wherein the DNA coding sequences comprise fusions of cDNA and genomic DNA.

11. The process of claim 10, wherein the host cell is a non-myeloid mammalian cell.

1/13

## FIG. 1

A

10                   30                   50  
 GAATTCCCAC TGACTCTAACCATGGAATGGAGCTGGGTCTTCTCTTCAGTA  
 MetGluTrpSerTrpValPheLeuPhePheLeuSerVal

70                   90                   110  
 ACTACAGGTGTCCACTCCCAGGTTCACTGCAGCAGTCTGACGCTGAGTTGGTGAACACT  
 ThrThrGlyValHisSerGlnValGlnLeuGlnGlnSerAspAlaGluLeuValLysPro

130                  150                  170  
 GGGGCTTCAGTGAAGATATCCTGCAAGGCTCTGGCTACACCTTCACTGACCATGCTATT  
 GlyAlaSerValLysIleSerCysLysAlaSerGlyTyrThrPheThrAspHisAlaIle

190                  210                  230  
 CACTGGGCGAAGCAGAACGCCTGAAACAGGGCTGGAATGGATTGGATATATTCTCCCGA  
 HisTrpAlaLysGlnLysProGluGlnGlyLeuGluTrpIleGlyTyrIleSerProGly

250                  270                  290  
 AATGATGATATTAAGTACAATGAGAAGTTCAAGGGCAAGGCCACTGACTGCAGACAAA  
 AsnAspAspIleLysTyrAsnGluLysPheLysGlyLysAlaThrLeuThrAlaAspLys

310                  330                  350  
 TCCTCCAGCACTGCCTACATGCAGCTCAACAGCCTGACATCTGAGGATTCTGCAGTGTAT  
 SerSerSerThrAlaTyrMetGlnLeuAsnSerLeuThrSerGluAspSerAlaValTyr

370                  390                  410  
 TTCTGTAAAAGATCGTACTACGGCCACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCA  
 PheCysLysArgSerTyrTyrGlyHisTrpGlyGlnGlyThrThrLeuThrValSerSer

B

10                   30                   50  
 ATCACACACACACACATGAGTGTGCCACTCAGGTCTGGGTTGCTGCTGTGGCTT  
 MetSerValProThrGlnValLeuGlyLeuLeuLeuTrpLeu

70                   90                   110  
 ACAGATGCCAGATGTGACATCCAGATGACTCAGTCTCCAGCCTCCCTATCTGTATCTGTG  
 ThrAspAlaArgCysAspIleGlnMetThrGlnSerProAlaSerLeuSerValSerVal

130                  150                  170  
 GGAGAAACTGTCACCACATGTGAGCAAGTGAGAATATTCAGTAATTAGCATGG  
 GlyGluThrValThrIleThrCysArgAlaSerGluAsnIleTyrSerAsnLeuAlaTrp

190                  210                  230  
 TATCAACAGAAACAGGGAAAATCTCCTCAGCTCCTGGTCTATGCTGCAACAAACTTAGCA  
 TyrGlnGlnLysGlnGlyLysSerProGlnLeuValTyrAlaAlaThrAsnLeuAla

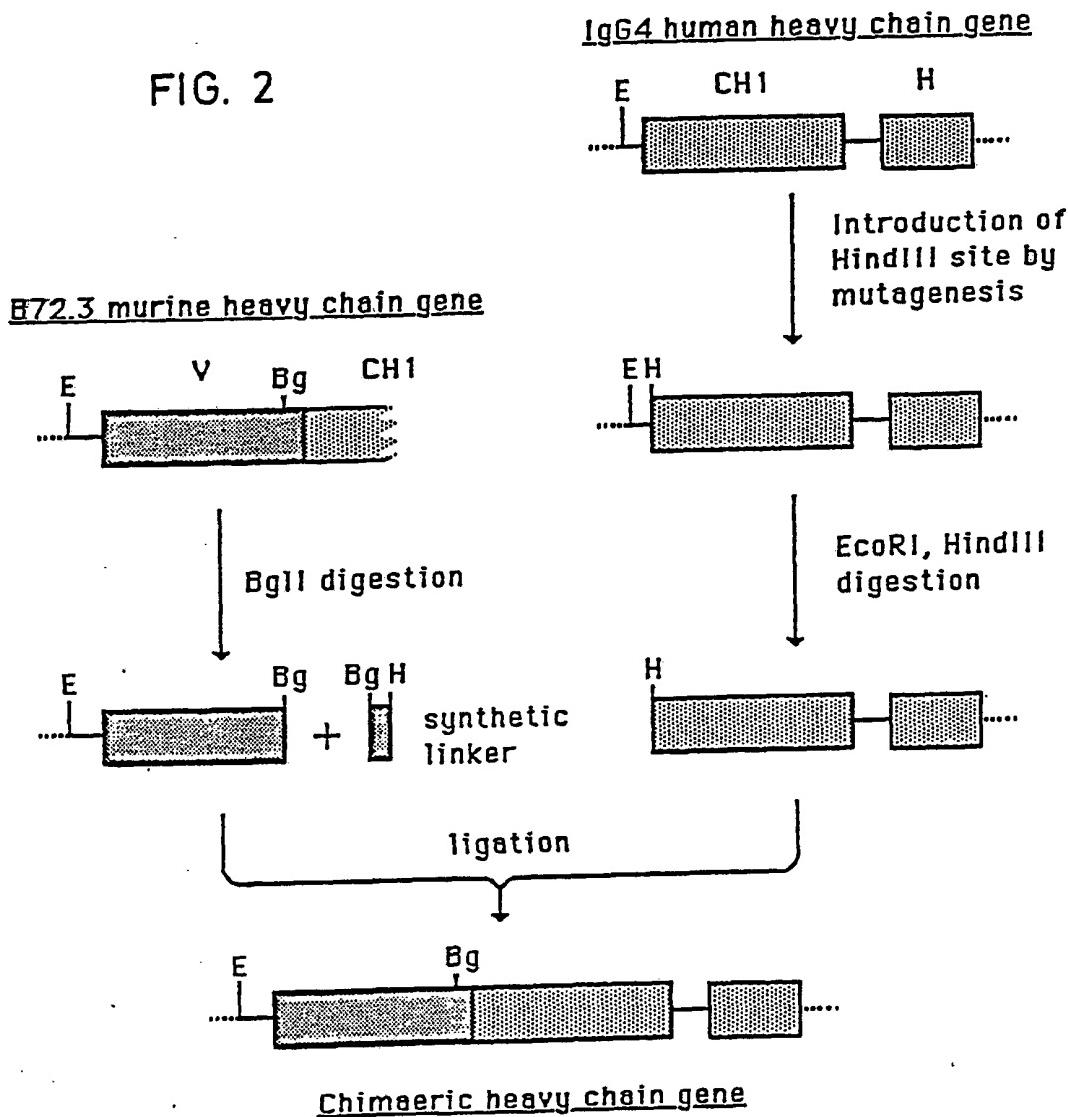
250                  270                  290  
 GATGGTGTGCCATCAAGGTTCAAGGCTCAGTGGCAGTGGATCGGCACACAGTATTCCCTCAAGATC  
 AspGlyValProSerArgPheSerGlySerGlyThrGlnTyrSerLeuLysIle

310                  330                  350  
 AACAGCCTGCAGTCTGAAGATTGGAGTTACTGTCAACATTGGGTACTCCG  
 AsnSerLeuGlnSerGluAspPheGlySerTyrTyrCysGlnHisPheTrpGlyThrPro

370                  390                  410  
 TACACGTTGGAGGGGGACCAGGCTGGAAATAAACGGGCTGATGCTGCACCAACTGTC  
 TyrThrPheGlyGlyGlyThrArgLeuGluIleLysArgAlaAspAlaAlaProThrVal

2/13

FIG. 2



3/13

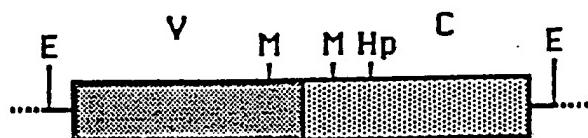
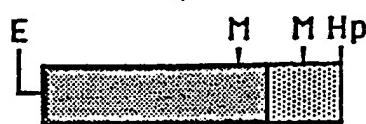
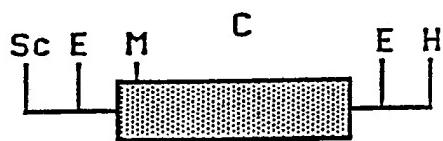
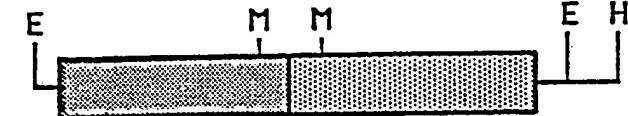
B72.3 murine light chain gene

FIG. 3

EcoRI, Hpa I  
digestionHuman K light chain geneMboII partial  
digestionMboII  
digestion

ligation

Chimaeric light chain gene

4/13

## 1 Murine heavy chain cDNA

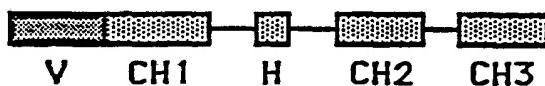


## 2 Murine light chain cDNA

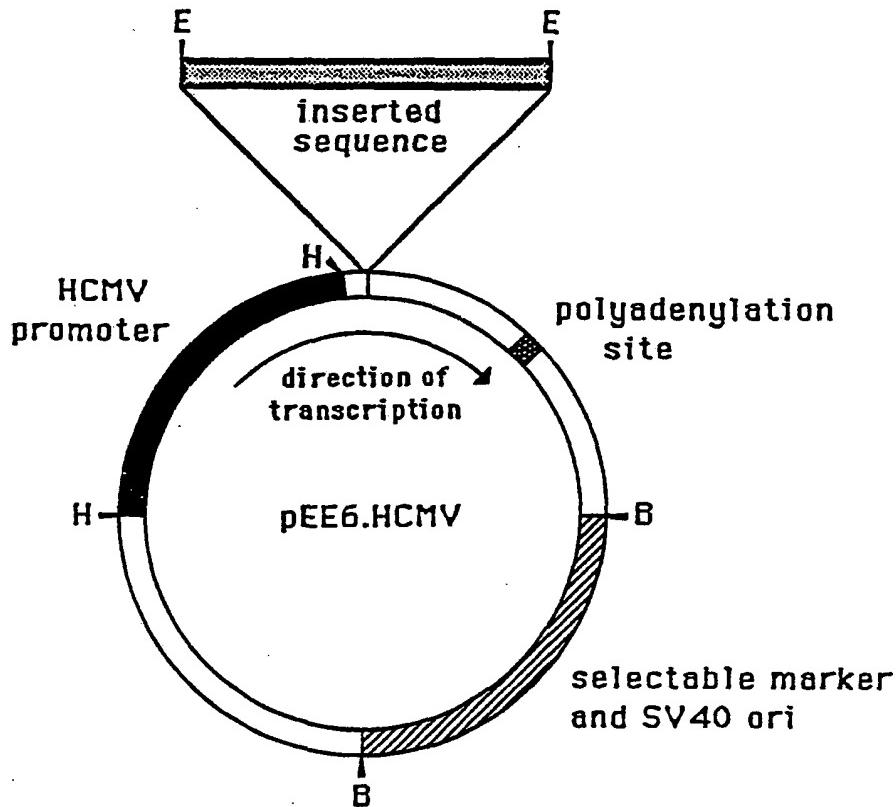


FIG. 4

## 3 Chimaeric heavy chain gene



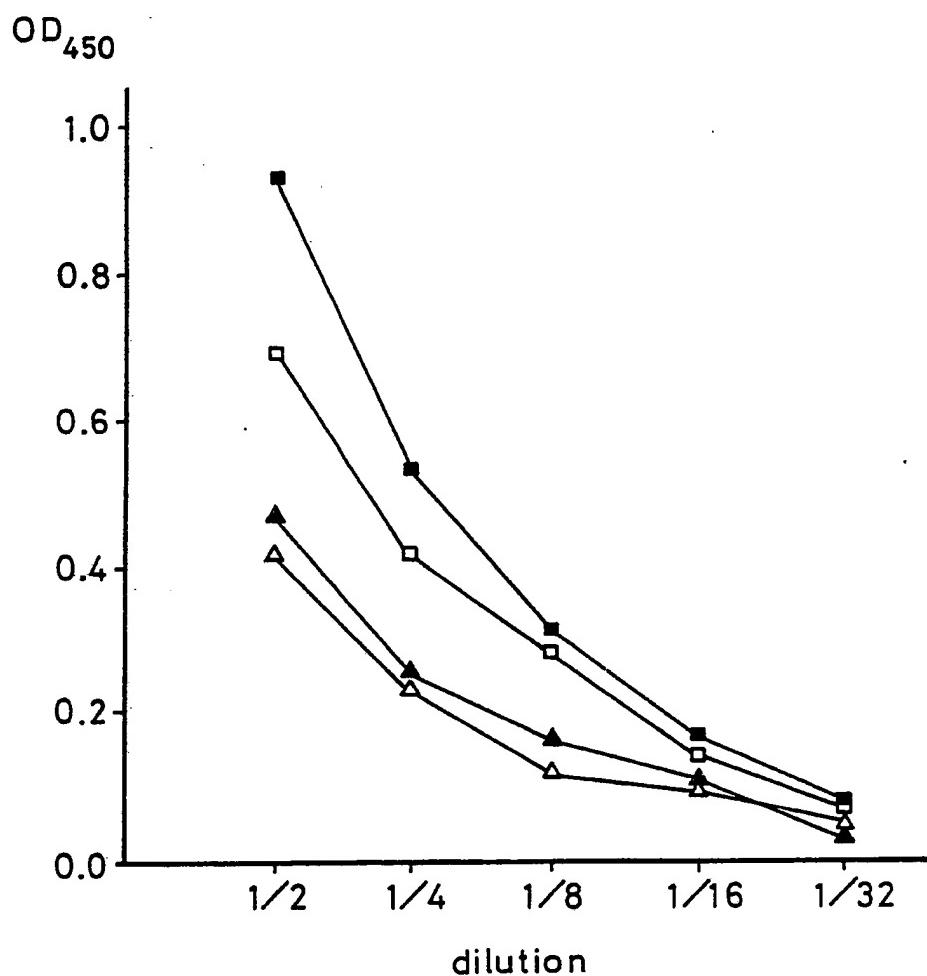
## 4 Chimaeric light chain gene



SUBSTITUTE SHEET

5/13

FIG. 5



SUBSTITUTE SHEET

6/13

1 2 3 4 5 6

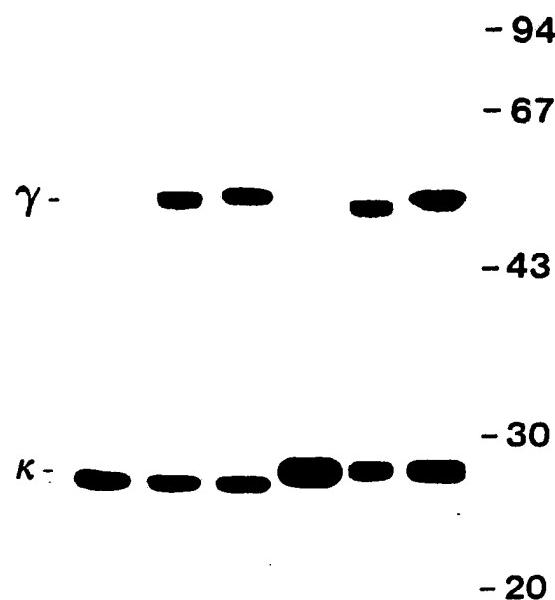


FIG. 6

7/13

	Non-red.	Red.			
1	2	3	4	5	6

— — -150

- 94

- 67

- 43

- 30

- 20

FIG. 7

8/13

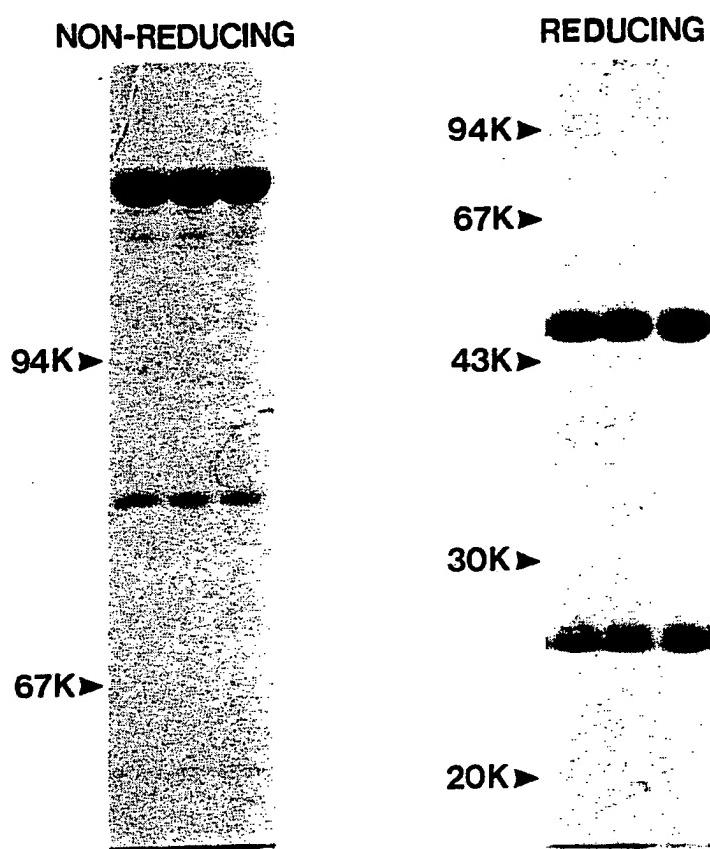
	1	2	3	4
Tm	-	+	-	+

**- 94****- 67**

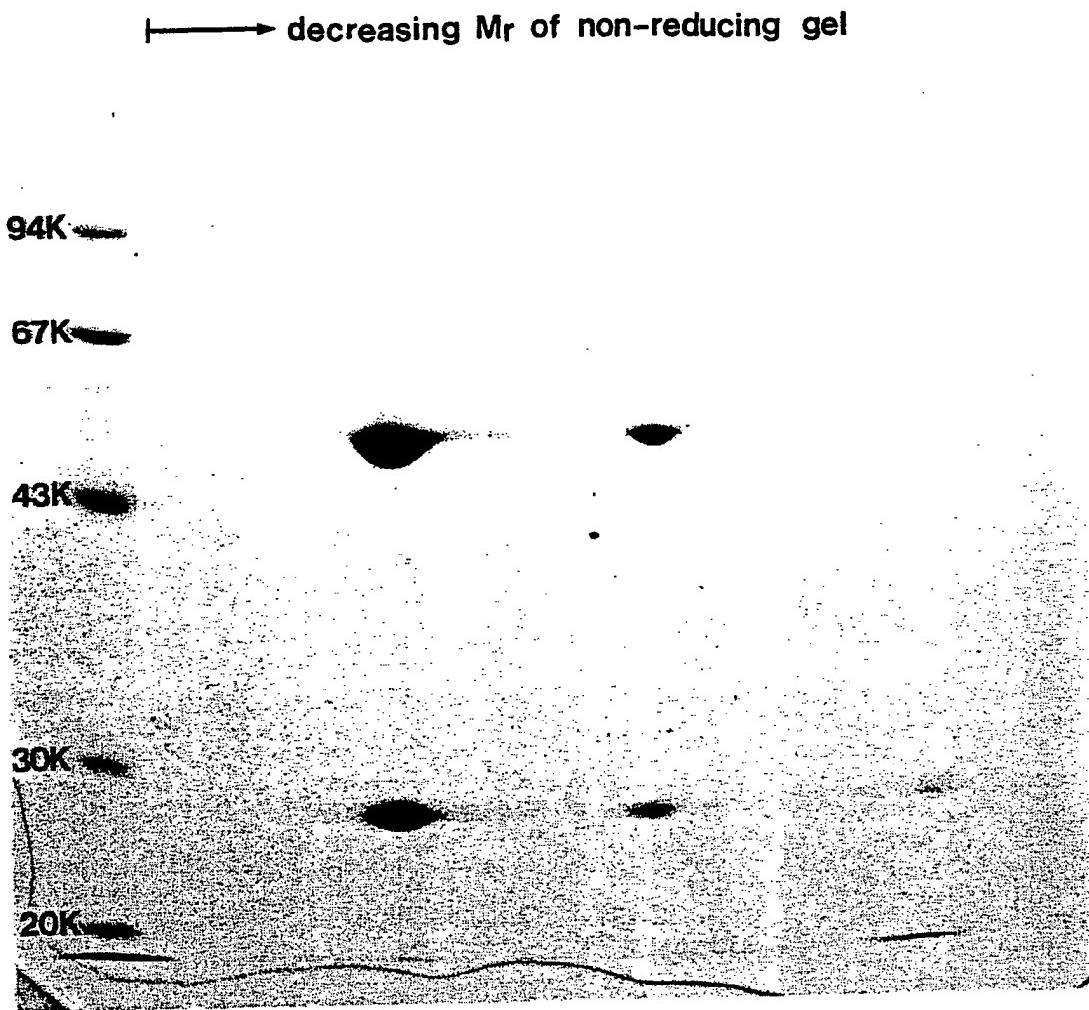
← 52  
50

**- 43****- 30****FIG. 8****SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

9/13

**SDS-PAGE OF CHIMAERIC B72.3****FIG. 9**

10/13

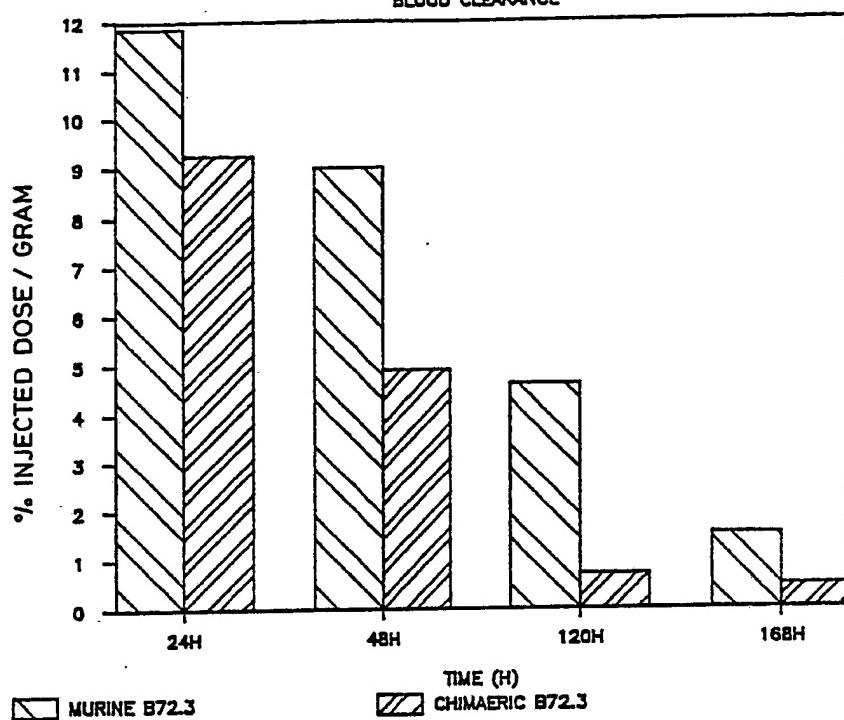
**2-DIMENSIONAL SDS-PAGE OF CHIMAERIC B72.3****1st dimension : non-reducing SDS-PAGE****2nd dimension : reducing SDS-PAGE****FIG. 10**

11 | 13

FIG. 11

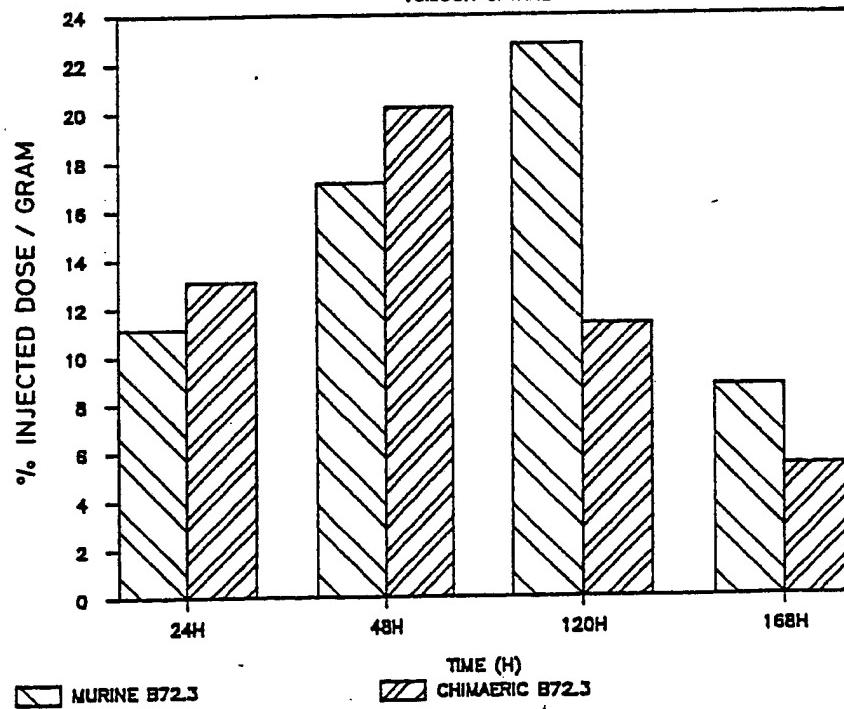
## LS174T XENOGRAFT: CHIMAERIC B72.3

## BLOOD CLEARANCE



## LS174T XENOGRAFT: CHIMAERIC B72.3

## TUMOUR UPTAKE

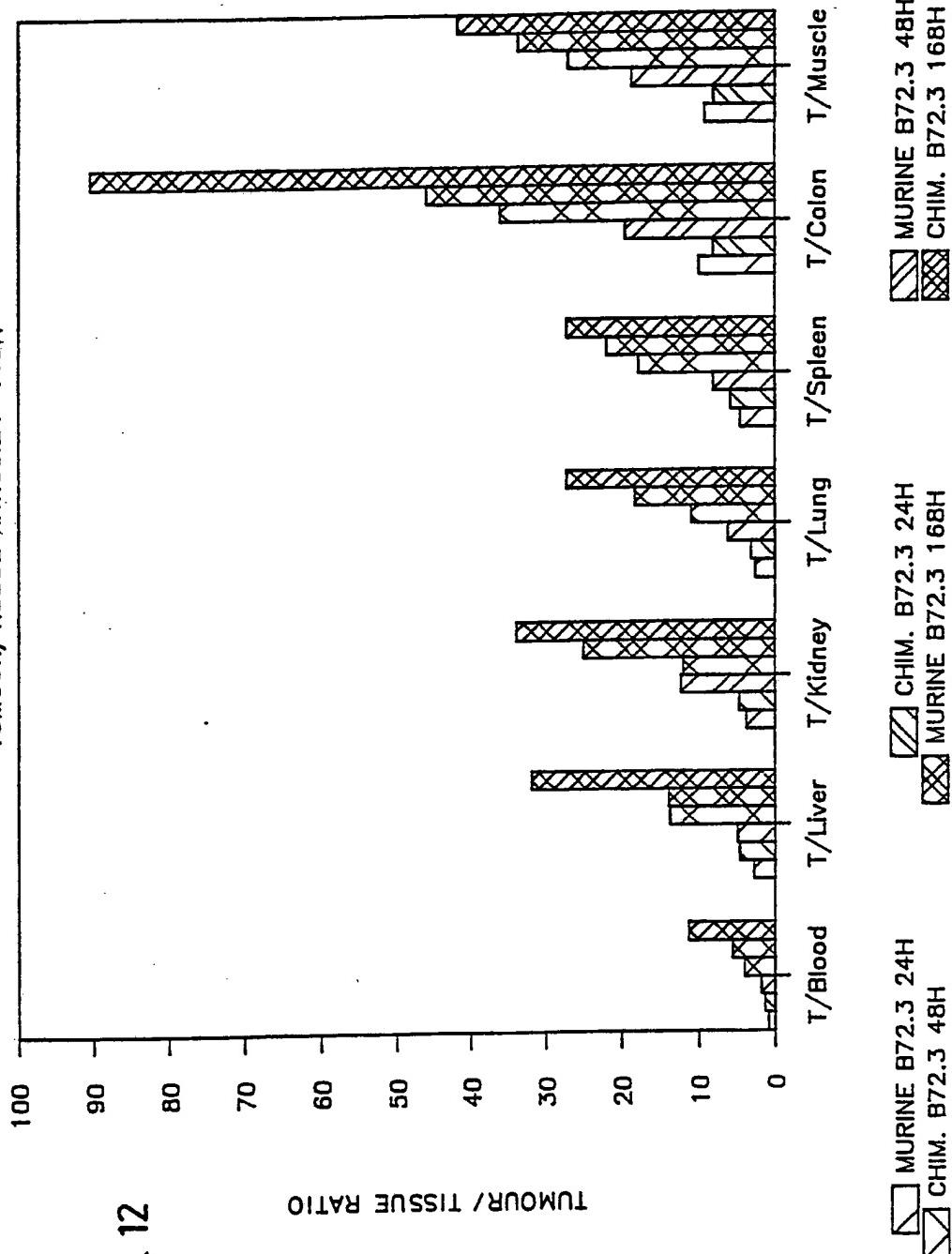


SUBSTITUTE SHEET

12/13

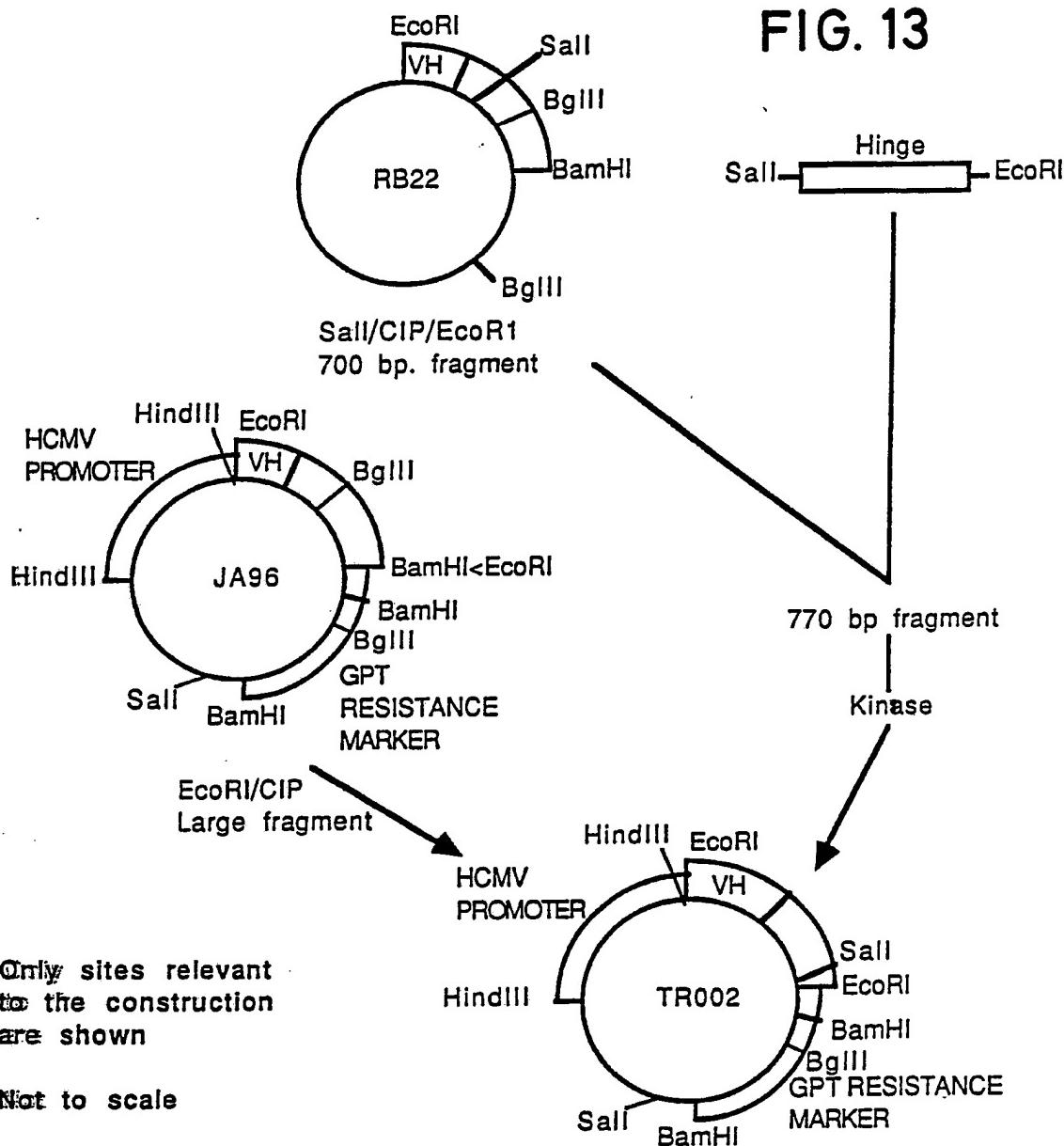
CHIMAERIC B72.3 v MURINE B72.3  
TUMOUR/TISSUE RATIOS:24-168H

FIG. 12



13/13

FIG. 13



**CONSTRUCTION OF TR002**  
**B72.3VH/HUMAN IgG1 F(ab') CONSTANT**  
**cDNA LIKE CHIMAERIC HEAVY CHAIN ( $\gamma 1$  HINGE)**  
**IN EE6 BASED EXPRESSION VECTOR**



## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 4 : <b>A61K 39/395, C12N 15/00 C12P 21/00</b>		A3	(11) International Publication Number: <b>WO 89/01783</b> (43) International Publication Date: 9 March 1989 (09.03.89)
(21) International Application Number: <b>PCT/GB88/00731</b>	(22) International Filing Date: 5 September 1988 (05.09.88)	(74) Agent: MERCER, Christopher, Paul; Carpmaels & Ransford, 43 Bloomsbury Square, London WC1A 2RA (GB).	
(31) Priority Application Number: <b>8720833</b>	(32) Priority Date: 4 September 1987 (04.09.87)	(81) Designated States: AT (European patent), AU, BE (European patent), CH (European patent), DE (European patent), DK, FI, FR (European patent), GB (European patent), HU, IT (European patent), JP, KR, LU (European patent), NL (European patent), NO, RO, SE (European patent), SU, US.	
(33) Priority Country: <b>GB</b>	(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): CELL-TECH LIMITED [GB/GB]; 216 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire SL1 4EN (GB).	(Published) <i>With international search report Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i>	
(72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only) : BODMER, Mark, William [GB/GB]; 131 Reading Road, Henley-on-Thames, Oxfordshire RG19 1DJ (GB). ADAIR, John, Robert [GB/GB]; 23 George Road, Stokenchurch, High Wycombe HP14 3RN (GB). WHITTLE, Nigel, Richard [GB/GB]; 5 Leigh Road, Cobham, Surrey KT11 2LF (GB).		(88) Date of publication of the international search report: 20 April 1989 (20.04.89)	
<b>(54) Title: RECOMBINANT ANTIBODY AND METHOD</b>			
<b>(57) Abstract</b>			
<p>The present invention provides a humanised antibody molecule (HAM) having specificity for the TAG-72 antigen and having an antigen binding site wherein at least the complementarity determining regions (CDRs) of the variable domain are derived from the mouse monoclonal antibody B72.3 (B72.3 MAb) and the remaining immunoglobulin-derived parts of the HAM are derived from a human immunoglobulin and a process for its production.</p>			
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>A</b></p> <pre>           10          30          50 GAATTCCCCTGACTCTAACCATGGAAATGGCTGGGCTTTCTCTCTCTGTCAAGTA           70          90          110 ACTACAGGTTCCACTCCAGGTTCAAGCTCAGCAGTCAGCTGACGCTGAGTTGGTAAACCT           130          150          170 ThrThrGlyValHisSerGlnValGlnLeuGlnGlnSerAspAlaGluLeuVallysPro           190          210          230 GGGGCCAGCTAGTCAGAAGATATCCCTGCAAGGCTCTGGCTACACCTTCACTGACTGCATGCTATT           250          270          290 GlyAlaSerVallysIleSerCysLysAlaSerGlyTyrThrPheThrAspHisAlaile           310          330          350           370          390          410           450          470          490           510          530          550           570          590          610           630          650          670           690          710          730           750          770          790           810          830          850           870          890          910           930          950          970           990          1010          1030           1050          1070          1090           1110          1130          1150           1170          1190          1210           1230          1250          1270           1290          1310          1330           1350          1370          1390           1410          1430          1450           1470          1490          1510           1530          1550          1570           1590          1610          1630           1650          1670          1690           1710          1730          1750           1770          1790          1810           1830          1850          1870           1890          1910          1930           1950          1970          1990           2010          2030          2050           2070          2090          2110           2130          2150          2170           2190          2210          2230           2250          2270          2290           2310          2330          2350           2370          2390          2410           2430          2450          2470           2490          2510          2530           2550          2570          2590           2590          2610          2630           2630          2650          2670           2670          2690          2710           2710          2730          2750           2750          2770          2790           2790          2810          2830           2830          2850          2870           2870          2890          2910           2910          2930          2950           2950          2970          2990           2990          3010          3030           3030          3050          3070           3070          3090          3110           3110          3130          3150           3150          3170          3190           3190          3210          3230           3230          3250          3270           3270          3290          3310           3310          3330          3350           3350          3370          3390           3390          3410          3430           3430          3450          3470           3470          3490          3510           3510          3530          3550           3550          3570          3590           3590          3610          3630           3630          3650          3670           3670          3690          3710           3710          3730          3750           3750          3770          3790           3790          3810          3830           3830          3850          3870           3870          3890          3910           3910          3930          3950           3950          3970          3990           3990          4010          4030           4030          4050          4070           4070          4090          4110           4110          4130          4150           4150          4170          4190           4190          4210          4230           4230          4250          4270           4270          4290          4310           4310          4330          4350           4350          4370          4390           4390          4410          4430           4430          4450          4470           4470          4490          4510           4510          4530          4550           4550          4570          4590           4590          4610          4630           4630          4650          4670           4670          4690          4710           4710          4730          4750           4750          4770          4790           4790          4810          4830           4830          4850          4870           4870          4890          4910           4910          4930          4950           4950          4970          4990           4990          5010          5030           5030          5050          5070           5070          5090          5110           5110          5130          5150           5150          5170          5190           5190          5210          5230           5230          5250          5270           5270          5290          5310           5310          5330          5350           5350          5370          5390           5390          5410          5430           5430          5450          5470           5470          5490          5510           5510          5530          5550           5550          5570          5590           5590          5610          5630           5630          5650          5670           5670          5690          5710           5710          5730          5750           5750          5770          5790           5790          5810          5830           5830          5850          5870           5870          5890          5910           5910          5930          5950           5950          5970          5990           5990          6010          6030           6030          6050          6070           6070          6090          6110           6110          6130          6150           6150          6170          6190           6190          6210          6230           6230          6250          6270           6270          6290          6310           6310          6330          6350           6350          6370          6390           6390          6410          6430           6430          6450          6470           6470          6490          6510           6510          6530          6550           6550          6570          6590           6590          6610          6630           6630          6650          6670           6670          6690          6710           6710          6730          6750           6750          6770          6790           6790          6810          6830           6830          6850          6870           6870          6890          6910           6910          6930          6950           6950          6970          6990           6990          7010          7030           7030          7050          7070           7070          7090          7110           7110          7130          7150           7150          7170          7190           7190          7210          7230           7230          7250          7270           7270          7290          7310           7310          7330          7350           7350          7370          7390           7390          7410          7430           7430          7450          7470           7470          7490          7510           7510          7530          7550           7550          7570          7590           7590          7610          7630           7630          7650          7670           7670          7690          7710           7710          7730          7750           7750          7770          7790           7790          7810          7830           7830          7850          7870           7870          7890          7910           7910          7930          7950           7950          7970          7990           7990          8010          8030           8030          8050          8070           8070          8090          8110           8110          8130          8150           8150          8170          8190           8190          8210          8230           8230          8250          8270           8270          8290          8310           8310          8330          8350           8350          8370          8390           8390          8410          8430           8430          8450          8470           8470          8490          8510           8510          8530          8550           8550          8570          8590           8590          8610          8630           8630          8650          8670           8670          8690          8710           8710          8730          8750           8750          8770          8790           8790          8810          8830           8830          8850          8870           8870          8890          8910           8910          8930          8950           8950          8970          8990           8990          9010          9030           9030          9050          9070           9070          9090          9110           9110          9130          9150           9150          9170          9190           9190          9210          9230           9230          9250          9270           9270          9290          9310           9310          9330          9350           9350          9370          9390           9390          9410          9430           9430          9450          9470           9470          9490          9510           9510          9530          9550           9550          9570          9590           9590          9610          9630           9630          9650          9670           9670          9690          9710           9710          9730          9750           9750          9770          9790           9790          9810          9830           9830          9850          9870           9870          9890          9910           9910          9930          9950           9950          9970          9990           9990          10010          10030           10030          10050          10070           10070          10090          10110           10110          10130          10150           10150          10170          10190           10190          10210          10230           10230          10250          10270           10270          10290          10310           10310          10330          10350           10350          10370          10390           10390          10410          10430           10430          10450          10470           10470          10490          10510           10510          10530          10550           10550          10570          10590           10590          10610          10630           10630          10650          10670           10670          10690          10710           10710          10730          10750           10750          10770          10790           10790          10810          10830           10830          10850          10870           10870          10890          10910           10910          10930          10950           10950          10970          10990           10990          11010          11030           11030          11050          11070           11070          11090          11110           11110          11130          11150           11150          11170          11190           11190          11210          11230           11230          11250          11270           11270          11290          11310           11310          11330          11350           11350          11370          11390           11390          11410          11430           11430          11450          11470           11470          11490          11510           11510          11530          11550           11550          11570          11590           11590          11610          11630           11630          11650          11670           11670          11690          11710           11710          11730          11750           11750          11770          11790           11790          11810          11830           11830          11850          11870           11870          11890          11910           11910          11930          11950           11950          11970          11990           11990          12010          12030           12030          12050          12070           12070          12090          12110           12110          12130          12150           12150          12170          12190           12190          12210          12230           12230          12250          12270           12270          12290          12310           12310          12330          12350           12350          12370          12390           12390          12410          12430           12430          12450          12470           12470          12490          12510           12510          12530          12550           12550          12570          12590           12590          12610          12630           12630          12650          12670           12670          12690          12710           12710          12730          12750           12750          12770          12790           12790          12810          12830           12830          12850          12870           12870          12890          12910           12910          12930          12950           12950          12970          12990           12990          13010          13030           13030          13050          13070           13070          13090          13110           13110          13130          13150           13150          13170          13190           13190          13210          13230           13230          13250          13270           13270          13290          13310           13310          13330          13350           13350          13370          13390           13390          13410          13430           13430          13450          13470           13470          13490          13510           13510          13530          13550           13550          13570          13590           13590          13610          13630           13630          13650          13670           13670          13690          13710           13710          13730          13750           13750          13770          13790           13790          13810          13830           13830          13850          13870           13870          13890          13910           13910          13930          13950           13950          13970          13990           13990          14010          14030           14030          14050          14070           14070          14090          14110           14110          14130          14150           14150          14170          14190           14190          14210          14230           14230          14250          14270           14270          14290          14310           14310          14330          14350           14350          14370          14390           14390          14410          14430           14430          14450          14470           14470          14490          14510           14510          14530          14550           14550          14570          14590           14590          14610          14630           14630          14650          14670           14670          14690          14710           14710          14730          14750           14750          14770          14790           14790          14810          14830           14830          14850          14870           14870          14890          14910           14910          14930          14950           14950          14970          14990           14990          15010          15030           15030          15050          15070           15070          15090          15110           15110          15130          15150           15150          15170          15190           15190          15210          15230           15230          15250          15270           15270          15290          15310           15310          15330          15350           15350          15370          15390           15390          15410          15430           15430          15450          15470           15470          15490          15510           15510          15530          15550           15550          15570          15590           15590          15610          15630           15630          15650          15670           15670          15690          15710           15710          15730          15750           15750          15770          15790           15790          15810          15830           15830          15850          15870           15870          15890          15910           15910          15930          15950           15950          15970          15990           15990          16010          16030           16030          16050          16070           16070          16090          16110           16110          16130          16150           16150          16170          16190           16190          16210          16230           16230          16250          16270           16270          16290          16310           16310          16330          16350           16350          16370          16390           16390          16410          16430           16430          16450          16470           16470          16490          16510           16510          16530          16550           16550          16570          16590           16590          16610          16630           16630          16650          16670           16670          16690          16710           16710          16730          16750           16750          16770          16790           16790          16810          16830           16830          16850          16870           16870          16890          16910           16910          16930          16950           16950          16970          16990           16990          17010          17030           17030          17050          17070           17070          17090          17110           17110          17130          17150           17150          17170          17190           17190          17210          17230           17230          17250          17270           17270          17290          17310           17310          17330          17350           17350          17370          17390           17390          17410          17430           17430          17450          17470           17470          17490          17510           17510          17530          17550           17550          17570          17590           17590          17610          17630           17630          17650          17670           17670          17690          17710           17710          17730          17750           17750          17770          17790           17790          17810          17830           17830          17850          17870           17870          17890          17910           17910          17930          17950           17950          17970          17990           17990          18010          18030           18030          18050          18070           18070          18090          18110           18110          18130          18150           18150          18170          18190           18190          18210          18230           18230          18250          18270           18270          18290          18310           18310          18330          18350           18350          18370          18390           18390          18410          18430           18430          18450          18470           18470          18490          18510           18510          18530          18550           18550          18570          18590           18590          18610          18630           18630          18650          18670           18670          18690          18710           18710          18730          18750           18750          18770          18790           18790          18810          18830           18830          18850          18870           18870          18890          18910           18910          18930          18950           18950          18970          18990           18990          19010          19030           19030          19050          19070           19070          19090          19110           19110          19130          19150           19150          19170          19190           19190          19210          19230           19230          19250          19270           19270          19290          19310           19310          19330          19350           19350          19370          19390           19390          19410          19430           19430          19450          19470           19470          19490          19510           19510          19530          19550           19550          19570          19590           19590          19610          19630           19630          19650          19670           19670          19690          19710           19710          19730          19750           19750          19770          19790           19790          19810          19830           19830          19850          19870           19870          19890          19910           19910          19930          19950           19950          19970          19990           19</pre>			

**FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY**

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AT Austria	FR France	ML Mali
AU Australia	GA Gabon	MR Mauritania
BB Barbados	GB United Kingdom	MW Malawi
BE Belgium	HU Hungary	NL Netherlands
BG Bulgaria	IT Italy	NO Norway
BJ Benin	JP Japan	RO Romania
BR Brazil	KP Democratic People's Republic of Korea	SD Sudan
CF Central African Republic	KR Republic of Korea	SE Sweden
CG Congo	LI Liechtenstein	SN Senegal
CH Switzerland	LK Sri Lanka	SU Soviet Union
CM Cameroon	LU Luxembourg	TD Chad
DE Germany, Federal Republic of	MC Monaco	TG Togo
DK Denmark	MG Madagascar	US United States of America
FI Finland		

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/GB 88/00731

## I. CLASSIFICATION / SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification symbols apply, indicate all) \*

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC

IPC<sup>4</sup>: A 61 K 39/395; C 12 N 15/00; C 12 P 21/00

## II. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum Documentation Searched <sup>T</sup>

Classification System <sup>1</sup>	Classification Symbols
IPC <sup>4</sup>	C 12 N; C 12 P

Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation  
to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched \*

## III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT \*

Category <sup>5</sup>	Citation of Document, <sup>11</sup> with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages <sup>12</sup>	Relevant to Claim No. <sup>13</sup>
X	Protein Engineering, volume 1, no. 6, 1987, IRL Press Ltd, (Oxford, GB), N. Whittle et al.: "Expression in COS cells of a mouse-human chimaeric B72.3 antibody", pages 499-505 see the whole article cited in the application	1-11
Y	Cancer Research, volume 47, 1 July 1987, B.A. Brown et al.: "Tumor-specific genetically engineered murine/human chimeric monoclonal antibody", pages 3577-3583 see the whole article	1-11
Y	Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the USA, volume 84, January 1987, L.K. Sun et al.: "Chimeric antibody with human constant regions and mouse variable regions directed against carcinoma-associated antigen 17-1A", pages 214-218	1-11

- \* Special categories of cited documents: <sup>10</sup>
- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step
- "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- "&" document member of the same patent family

## IV. CERTIFICATION

Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search

27th February 1989

Date of Mailing of this International Search Report

23 MAR 1989

International Searching Authority

EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE

Signature of Authorized Officer

W.C.G. VAN DER PUTTEM

## III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT (CONTINUED FROM THE SECOND SHEET)

Category*	Citation of Document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to Claim No
	see the whole article --	
Y	Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the USA, volume 84, no. 10, May 1987, (Washington, DC, US), A.Y. Liu et al.: "Chimeric mouse-human IgG1 antibody that can mediate lysis of cancer cells", pages 3439-3443 see the whole article -----	1-11